

Friday, April 1 - Day 27

(1)

Continuing Topic 11 - Hill Climbing

→ Next week: video lectures, will email

→ HW 4: 1 Q assigned Monday on B+B,
will be due Wed, Apr 13, 11:59pm

→ No normal OI next week, may schedule
on Tuesday morning, maybe Thurs. morning

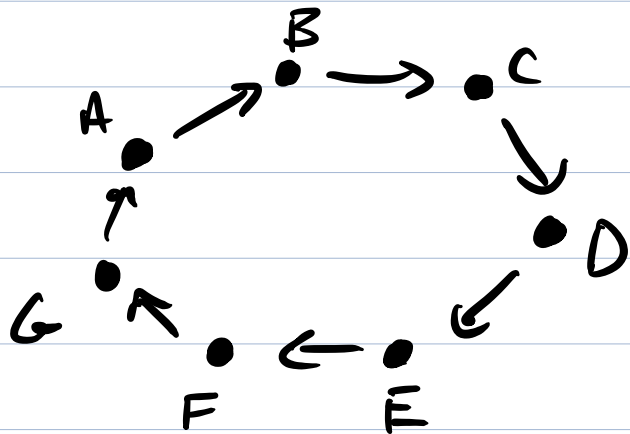
Scoring = slow part

To speed up scoring, think about what
your tweak function actually changes.

Suppose we have a tour:

Let d = distance function

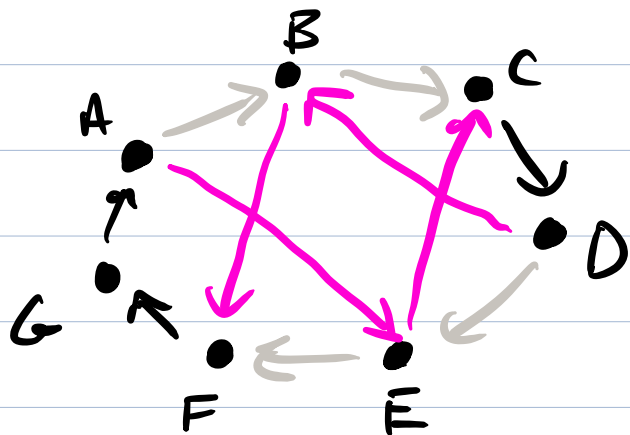
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Score} &= d(A,B) + d(B,C) \\ &+ d(C,D) + d(D,E) \\ &+ d(E,F) + d(F,G) \\ &+ d(G,A)\end{aligned}$$



Swap B and E.

$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow E \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow A$

$A \rightarrow E \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow B \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow A$



Four edges changed

$$\text{Score} = \cancel{d(A,B)} + \cancel{d(B,C)} + d(C,D) + \cancel{d(D,E)} + \cancel{d(E,F)} + d(F,G) + d(G,A)$$

$d(A,E)$ $d(E,C)$ $d(D,B)$ $d(B,F)$

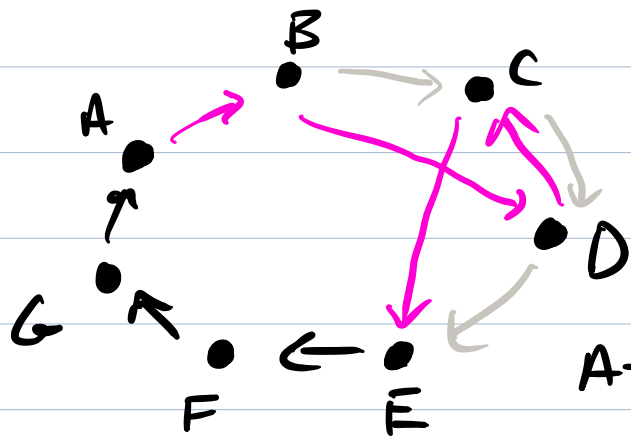
Even if you have 1000 cities, only 4 edges change.

New score = old score - 4 edges + 4 edges

$$8 \text{ distances instead of } 300 = \frac{300}{8} = 37.5x$$

Is swapping 2 cities a good tweak?

No. The reason is that smaller tweaks are better than larger tweaks.



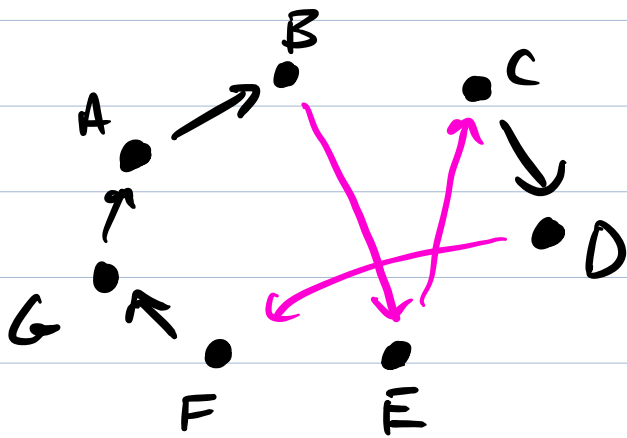
To change 2 edges:

A → B → D → C → E → F → G

Swapped two consecutive cities

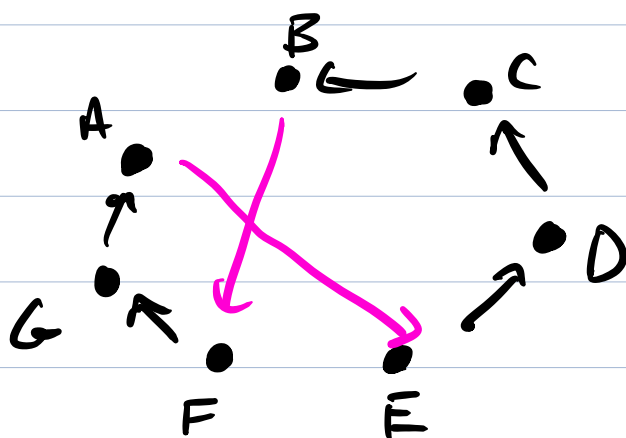
$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow E \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow A$

$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow E \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow A$



$A \rightarrow \boxed{B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow E} \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow A$

$A \rightarrow E \rightarrow D \rightarrow C \rightarrow B \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow A$



"Reverse a block"

Demos: 05 - Steepest Asa. reverse block 50 6.48
06 - " " " " 300 14.36

How can we adapt this for continuous spaces? Check n things in the neighborhood and move to the best.

MH #3 n -Trial Steepest Ascent

x = random element of S

while True:

 temp = x

 repeat n times:

$s = \text{tweak}(x)$

 if $\text{score}(s) > \text{score}(\text{temp})$:

 temp = s

$x = \text{temp}$

Later: good ways to tweak for continuous spaces

When $n=1$, this is called "Hill Climbing".

Try a random neighbor, if it's better, move there.

MH #4: Hill Climbing

x = random element of S

while True:

$s = \text{tweak}(x)$

if $\text{score}(s) > \text{score}(x)$:

$x = s$

Demos:

07	-	TSP	HC	Swap 2	50	8.42
08	-	TSP	HC	Swap 2	300	29.4
09	-	TSP	HC	Rev. Bl.	50	6.72
10	-	TSP	HC	Rev. Bl.	300	14.62

None of these four ever allow a worse score. You must always move uphill.

MHs = "the art of going downhill smartly"

exploration
diversification

vs.

exploitation
intensification

vs.



Looking in areas of
the search space that
you haven't seen before



Searching the area
you're already in for
better and better solutions

Maximally exploitative: Hill climbing

Maximally explorative: Random search

We want things more in the middle.

One way: random restarts

- * Any H-C metaheuristic, runs for a while, stops, restarts at a new random point.